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Israel and Canada Raise Missions To Embassy Level

The Foreign Ministry announced last night that the Governments of Israel and Canada have agreed on the early exchange of Ambassadors between the two countries. Mr. Michael Comay will be Israel's first Ambassador to Canada.

The Jerusalem Post Diplomatic Correspondent writes:

The decision to exchange Ambassadors between Israel and Canada, which will be widely welcomed in this country, completes the establishment of diplomatic relations between the two countries, which was begun last September, when Mr Comay presented his letters of credence as Minister of Israel to Canada. It is expected that the Canadian Embassy in Israel will be opened in October, probably in Tel Aviv.

Mr. Comay

The Canadian Ambassador to Greece will probably be accredited to Israel as well, while the Embassy in Tel Aviv will be headed by a Chargé d'Affaires. It is understood that diplomatic relations are being established at the same time between Canada and Egypt. These moves reflect Canada's increasing influence as a Power of the first rank, which brings with it a natural growth of interest in the affairs of the Middle East.

The strengthening of diplomatic relations between Israel and Canada is expected to promote the mutual trade and other interests common to the two countries, and to facilitate the exchange of views on important matters, including United Nations affairs.

Mr. Comay, before his appointment to Ottawa, was successively Director of the British Commonwealth Division and Assistant Director-General of the Ministry for Foreign Affairs. He will be Israel's fifth Ambassador, the other four being those in Washington, London, Paris and Moscow. He is expected to present his new letters of credence to the Governor-General of Canada within the next week or two.

Israel Protests to UN On Jordan Attack

TEL AVIV, Wednesday. — A copy of the Israel protest to the U.N. Security Council on the recent incident at Netiv Lamed Heh has been submitted to Gen. Vagn Bennike, head of the Truce Supervision Organization, for his information.

Relating the details of the incident which had occurred on July 26, when a group of villagers harvesting with a combine had been shot at and two wounded, and a nearby tractor driver and a policeman had also been wounded, the complaint pointed out that this followed closely on another incident at Beit Gan two days previously.

This new and unprovoked attack, the protest states, follows closely on the murder of an inhabitant of Beit Gan during the night of July 24 by raiders from Jordan.

The continuous chain of organized aggressive raids, murder and robberies, to which the Israel border is being subjected, cannot but indicate the degree of impunity and succour which the Jordanian authorities responsible for maintaining peace and order find in the situation created by their repudiation of armistice obligations and their persistent failure to adopt effective measures to bring border violence to an end.

Foreign Trade Deficit Decreased Again

Israel's foreign trade balance during January-May, 1954 — calculated at the IL.1 — $2.80 — exchange rate showed a deficit of IL.23,715,798 as compared with IL.30,344,640 in the parallel period of the preceding year, reflecting a decrease of IL.4,628,842, the Central Bureau of Statistics and Economic Research announced yesterday. At this rate of exchange the value of imports during the first six months had increased from IL.50.2m. in 1953 to IL.52.5m. in 1954, and the value of exports had increased from IL.12.6m. to IL.19.7m.

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World Zionists Express Solidarity with State

"The Zionist General Council re-affirms the solidarity of the World Zionist Movement with the people of Israel in their struggle to safeguard the sovereignty, security and free development of the State," a majority resolution, put forward yesterday by the Public (Foreign) Relations Committee, stated.

The resolution said that the only way to peace in the Middle East lay through direct negotiations. It stressed the dangerous implications of the policy pursued by the Western powers who "encourage Arab intransigence" and who aid Arab extremism by giving them arms.

It also urged that adequate guarantees for Israel's security be included in the agreement now being concluded with Egypt, and expressed its deep concern over the growing ineffectiveness of the machinery provided under the Mixed Armistice Agreements.

Minority resolutions, put forward by Dr. Joseph Schechtman (Herut, New York) and Mr. Meir Grossman (General Zionist, Tel Aviv) were removed from the agenda.

Breaking Discipline

Mr. Berl Locker, Chairman of the Jewish Agency Executive, said that Mr. Grossman had no right to propose minority resolutions, since he was breaking the discipline of the Jewish Agency Executive.

Earlier, the Council adopted the resolution put forward by the Activities in Israel Committee, the Budget Finance and Funds Committee, and the Education, Culture, Information, Youth and Hehalutz Committee.

Today, the Council is to discuss the resolution put forward by the Committee on Problems of the Movement and Matters of Organization.

Accord Menaces Peace, Say US Zionists

NEW YORK, Wednesday (INA). — The President of the American Zionist Council, Mr. Louis Lipsky, commenting on the Suez accord, said that it would be most unfortunate if it would embolden those elements in the Egyptian Government who do not regard peace between Israel and the Arab States as desirable. He urged a settlement of the Suez Canal blockade issue before the final agreement is signed.

New Bank in US to Aid Exporters—Hoofien

LYDDA AIRPORT, Wednesday. — Mr. S. Hoofien, chairman of the Board of the Bank Leumi, announced here today that he had completed all preparations for the establishment of a financial institution in the U.S. to aid local exporters. The company would begin operating with a credit of $700,000, and with the credits it expects to obtain from American banks, it would be able to extend up to IL.5m. in credits in foreign currencies to the local export trade, he said.

Mr. Hoofien, who returned by BOAC from a three-month stay abroad, added that while in New York and London, he had negotiated with the Palestine Economic Corporation and with the Palestine Corporation for the transfer of the latter to Bank Leumi ownership. He stated that he expected the transaction to take place in August, and revealed that some of the Directors of the Palestine Corporation would remain with the company; since they had very good connections in the City, the commercial relations with Britain would be extended. *(Itim)*

BENNIKE SEES LAVON

Matters pertaining to the Israel-Syrian Mixed Armistice Commission were discussed when General Vagn Bennike, the U.N. Chief of Staff, met Mr. P. Lavon, the Defence Minister, in the latter's office in the Tel Aviv Kirya at 10.30 a.m. yesterday, the Army spokesman announced.

The meeting took place at the request of Mr. Lavon, the spokesman added.

NO ISRAEL FIRE

TEL AVIV, Wednesday. — Commenting on the U.N. spokesman's statement to *The Jerusalem Post* that "both sides agreed to a cease-fire" after five shots had been fired in Jerusalem, the Israel Army spokesman pointed out today that Israel could not have ceased fire, as no fire had been opened by Israel.

The shots were all fired by Jordan, he stressed.

Selectivity Policy Only 'Temporary'

In the morning session of the Zionist General Council yesterday whose discussions were devoted to the resolutions of the Activities in Israel Committee, Mr. S. Z. Shragai, head of the Jewish Agency's Immigration Department, said that the existing selectivity rules were only temporary. They would be altered, as they had in the past, to meet changing conditions. By bringing one mentally defective person here, we were robbing three normal persons of their right.

Other speakers were: Mr. N. Harpaz (Ihud Olami); Mr. David Yutan (Herut); Mr. Mordecai Sorkis (Ihud Olami); Mr. Moshe Kol, head of Youth Aliya; and Mrs. B. Schoolman (General Zionist).

The resolution put forward by the Committee for Budget, Finance and Funds, urged World Jewry to provide the financial means so that the current budget could be fully implemented in the light of the need for emergency immigration of thousands of families in the coming year.

Anxiety Over Budget

Rabbi S.M. Zambrowsky (Mizrahi, Montreal), expressed anxiety over the current budget deficit. Mr. S. Szichman (Herut, Ramat Gan) called for reorganization and economy to provide more funds for immigration while Mr. Barnett Janner (Confederation, London) said that the Zionist movement in England was doing its best to show the public the seriousness of Israel's financial position.

Mr Arye Nahir (Mapam, Eylon), felt that immigration and settlement were two sides of one coin. Without the first, the State could never be settled.

Dr. Giora Josephthal, Jewish Agency Treasurer, announced that $55m. had already been obtained for the $75m. Consolidation Loan, and that this sum might rise to $64m. Income from fund-raising drives in the U.S. had dropped, he reported, adding that this had only been partially offset by increases in other countries.

"Decisions on immigration not accompanied by fund-raising are valueless," he continued.

The resolution advanced by the Committee on Education, Culture, Information, Youth and Hehalutz called for: greatly expanded Jewish education in all forms to counter assimilation; a Hebrew Month in each country and increased Hebrew instruction abroad; increased allocations in this field to meet growing needs, and increased information activities. It called upon the Zionist Organization and parties to consider work among youth, especially pioneering youth, as one of their principal functions.

The work of Patwa and the various youth training centres was lauded.

Mr. Reuven Arzi (Mapam, Jerusalem), was of the opinion that the only method of saving the different Jewish communities abroad from the deadly threat of assimilation lay in promoting Jewish education.

Mrs. E. Gottesman (General Zionist, New York), said that the Zionists should not enter the field of total education, but should support existing institutions in which they should present their views.

Dr. Israel Goldstein (Confederation, N.Y., President of the American Jewish Congress), stated that in many places, the West Indies for example, one teacher or a rabbi could save a community from death. He called for the Zionist movement to support existing school systems and not to "squander" its funds by starting new ones.

Inadequate Public Relations

Mr. Gershon Agron (Mapai, Jerusalem) pointed out the inadequacy of Zionist public relations, especially in the U.S., where great strides had been made by the Arab propagandists. The Western world had been told of Kibya, he said, but not of Israelis standing guard on their country's borders, night after night.

Other speakers were Dr. Shimon Federbush (Mizrahi, N.Y.); Dr. G. Gershuni (Mapam, Tel Aviv); Mr. M. Noy (Mapam, Tel Aviv); Mr. Yitzhak Golan (General Zionist, Tel Yitzhak); Mr. Zalman Shazar, head of the Department of Education and Culture in the Diaspora; Dr. Israel Rosenberg (Mizrahi, Tel Aviv); Mr. Ezra (Haddad) Barzilai, (Mapai, Ramle); Mr. Louis Segal (Ihud Olami, of New York Executive); Rabbi Ze'ev Gold (head of the Department of Religious Education and Culture in the Diaspora); and Mr. Reuven Arzi (Mapam, Jerusalem).

SENATE PASSES ATOM PROGRAMME

WASHINGTON, Wednesday. — The Senate after a seven-day filibuster, last night approved President Eisenhower's sweeping Atomic Energy Programme, with some basic changes.

The vote was 57 to 28. The plan approved measures to open the atomic field to private industry as well as authorized the President to reveal some nuclear secrets to foreign allies. *(UP, Reuter)*

'Israel to Continue To Strive For US Friendship'

Israel's foreign policy with regard to the United States and Western Germany was raised in the Knesset yesterday in motions tabled by the Opposition. Mr. Sharett, in his capacity of Foreign Minister, replied in each case.

Dr. A. Altmann (Herut) tried to snatch a ride on the bandwagon yesterday with a highly dramatised appeal for "a great historic debate" on U.S. policy towards Israel, ranging from the stoppage of work on the Jordan and Mr. Byroade's unfriendly speeches to arms for Iraq and the promise of arms for Egypt after the completion of the negotiations with Britain. He said that Israel's security position had become most serious and that the U.S. must be made aware of Israel's essential policies and aspiration, and that if American-supplied arms were used against Israel, the U.S. would be responsible for the blood that was spilt. One of the most important steps in this connection, he said, was to make Israel economically self-sufficient.

Basic Element

In his reply, the Foreign Minister stated that the question of Israel-American relations was one of the basic issues of Israel foreign policy, and in view of the very serious developments in U.S. policy towards Israel, had served repeatedly as the subject of Government statements and Knesset debates. "In fact, this question is never absent from the agenda of the Knesset Foreign Affairs and Security Committee, and only yesterday an extensive debate was held on several basic aspects of our foreign policy including our relationship with the United States and the direction which U.S. policy appears to have taken recently.

"The Government has not tried to lull anyone into complacency, either with regard to U.S. policy in arming the Arab states or in defining U.S. policy towards Israel herself. On these subjects there has been some plain speaking by the Government spokesman in the Knesset." He added that he wished, however, to warn the Knesset against speaking as though there was an imminent danger of total destruction and a choice "between Zionism and death," as said by Dr. Altmann.

"Israel will continue to strive to gain the true friendship of the great people of the United States and its Government, but she will not buy this friendship at the cost of her vital interests, and, despite her aim of friendship,

(Continued on Page 2, — Col. 5)

Cooperatives Want Higher Bread Prices

TEL AVIV, Wednesday. — The Cooperative Centre reported today that it supported a claim for a five prutot increase in the price of bread and that it had begun negotiations with the Government. However, the centre, it was said, rejected a strike as a means of achieving the aims of the cooperative bakeries.

The cooperative bakeries are to hold a national conference in Hadera on Tuesday. The majority of the cooperative sector seems to favour joining the private bakers in a prolonged strike.

Meanwhile, the private sector, which demands a 15 pruta increase, reacted today to yesterday's reported statement by Mr. Z. Susayeff, Deputy Minister of Commerce, that bakeries threatening to strike would not enjoy credits for new equipment, by saying that they would "not be intimidated by any threats."

The emergency committee of the private bakers' union which deals with arrangements for the strike sent a letter to Mr. Susayeff today, informing him that it would not tell him in advance of the date of the strike.

The union said that no action would be taken after the Hadera conference.

Rhee Asks Congress Aid for China War

WASHINGTON, Wednesday (Reuter). — The South Korean President, Dr. Syngman Rhee, proposed today that an Asian army of more than two million men, helped by United States funds, planes and ships, should launch a "counterattack" on Communist China.

In a speech prepared for delivery before a joint session of Congress, the 79-year-old Korean said:

"Let us remember that peace cannot be restored in a world half Communist and half Democratic.

"Your momentous decision is needed now to make Asia safe for freedom, for that will automatically settle the world Communist problem in Europe, Africa and America."

Dr. Rhee told Congress that the essence of Communist strategy for world conquest was to lull Americans into a "sleep of death by talking peace until the Soviet Union possesses enough hydrogen bombs and intercontinental bombers to pulverise the airfields and productive centres of the United States by sneak attack."

President Rhee also called on the Western Allies to declare the Korean armistice at an end and to commence an immediate build up of South Korean forces for a "counter-attack" against North Korea.

Eden Affirms Tripartite Pact; Says UK Mindful of Israel's Interests

Sharett Calls Treaty Spur to Aggression

Israel will continue to fight the blockade in Suez by all legitimate means and by the recruitment of international support, said the Prime Minister, Mr. Moshe Sharett, at a rally at Ohel Shem Hall in Tel Aviv yesterday on the occasion of Air-force Day. Though the meeting takes place each year, said the Prime Minister, it has a special importance on this occasion.

At this very moment a most important change in the balance of power between us and the world around us is taking place, he said.

We wish to every nation the realization of its rightful aspirations to complete freedom and independence, yet not in order that it should foment strife, increase enmity and plot aggression against a neighbouring state, but rather in the interests of peace, stability and cooperation.

Egypt will be tested by the way she will use the great national asset (which in truth is an international asset) and the new position of strength which are about to fall to her share after such a prolonged struggle. We have heard threats of aggression from the lips of her leaders which justify the deepest concern and require of us the greatest watchfulness.

The grant of a new position of strength to Egypt without any obligation on her part to regularise her relations with Israel is liable to be interpreted and actually to serve as a spur to aggression, especially when, as we have reason to believe, the new settlement is not even conditional on the complete cessation of the arbitrary blockade which Egypt maintains against Israel in the Suez Canal in violation of her international undertakings, of the Security Council's explicit resolution and of the vital interests of the nations who depend upon free passage through the Canal.

To Fight Blockade

The Israel Government will continue to fight this blockade with all legitimate means at its disposal and by the recruitment of international support.

Our concern is all the greater for reports that the United States Government intends to follow up this agreement between Egypt and Britain by a programme of arms supply to Egypt. We warn against the grant of arms to Egypt so long as she continues to proclaim a state of war between herself and Israel and maintains it with economic warfare, boycott and blockade, hostile propaganda, international intrigue and an unceasing chain of attacks on the borders. So long as this situation remains and until there is an explicit change in Egypt's declared stand, as well as in her actual behaviour, we shall consider any arms given to Egypt as intended by her to be turned against Israel. The grant of arms to Egypt after the decision to arm Iraq will pile blunder upon blunder.

We are a people who seek stability, peace and development. We are not bent upon provocation or expansion. But we shall stand prepared and watchful, and we shall constantly strengthen and perfect our defences to meet any emergency. We are firmly confident that we can withstand any danger and inflict heavy punishment should we be attacked.

We call upon the Jewish people in all parts of the world to tighten their bonds of brotherhood with us and to stand by us in any trial that may be in store. We consider ourselves worthy of aid by the entire enlightened world that we may be strengthened in our difficult position. But first and foremost our ability to maintain and increase our defensive strength depends on our own efforts.

Ike Sees Attempt To Split Allies on China

WASHINGTON, Wednesday (UP). — President Eisenhower said at his Press conference today that the Communists were attempting to split the Allies over the plane attacks in the South China Sea. He also expressed deep concern over China's assaults, and declared that the U.S. would defend itself wherever necessary.

The President added that American aircraft carriers which have been patrolling off the coast of Hainan Island would be leaving the area shortly. Asked to comment on the shooting down of two Chinese planes by U.S. craft searching for survivors of a British airliner attacked by Chinese fighters, Mr. Eisenhower stated that he did not intend the U.S. to be either impulsive or truculent, "but we do intend to defend ourselves."

The Chinese had apologised to Britain for shooting down the British plane, the President noted, but once the U.S. was involved they had taken a different attitude.

Sharply worded protests against the plane incidents relayed to Peking through Britain were released here today. Compensation was demanded for the three Americans killed in the airliner.

No Intention to Build New Base

By GEORGE LICHTHEIM, Jerusalem Post Correspondent

LONDON, Wednesday. — The first semi-official revelations in connection with the Anglo-Egyptian agreement have made it clear that there is no intention to construct a new base equivalent to the one in Suez. About two-thirds of the troops now stationed in Suez will come home.

On redeployment there is estimated to be accommodation in the Mediterranean area for one division and the Royal Marine Commando Brigade. It is assumed that one of the two infantry divisions now stationed in Suez will go to Cyprus while the other will return to England.

The 25th Armoured Brigade will be based on Cyrenaica. The future location of the 15,000 Royal Air Force men has yet to be announced.

Under the draft treaty, Britain retains the right to move any British material into or out of the Zone, but none of the present garrison will stay behind.

The agreement has several noteworthy features which may give rise to dispute. Thus, the number of British civilian technicians is not to exceed a figure to be agreed upon later. Again, these technicians will take care of military workshops, ammunition, dumps and engineers stores while all public utilities, com-

(Continued on Page 3, — Col. 8)

'Palestine' After Suez — Shukeiry

The Assistant Secretary-General of the Arab League, Ahmed Shukeiry, said in Cairo yesterday that the Anglo-Egyptian agreement opened a "new deal" in Arab affairs, NEABS reports. The first issue to be dealt with would be the "Palestine" case.

HOUSE PASSES FOREIGN AID BILL

WASHINGTON, Wednesday (UP). — The House of Representatives, in a 265 to 126 vote today, passed and sent to the Senate a $5,208m. Foreign Aid Appropriations bill, — the last money measure of the session.

The House rejected all attempts to cut the bill any further. The House Appropriations Committee had already trimmed 13 per cent from the original estimate of $6,020m.

The Senate was expected to take up the bill today.

$50m. in Economic, Arms Aid for Egypt

WASHINGTON, Wednesday (UP). — Informed soures stated today that the Suez agreement cleared the way for a $50m. to $80m. military and economic aid programme for Egypt, and made a new Middle East Defence plan possible.

Diplomatic officials said that preliminary consideration was being given to a renewed attempt to integrate the Arab States into a regional defence scheme.

To what extent U.S. military aid to Egypt would be tied in with long-range planning for an integrated defence was not clear, but it was believed that the arms grants would start without waiting for the bigger scheme.

Informed sources stated that about $50m. for military and economic assistance had been held up at Britain's request pending an agreement and that talks on its release would now start fairly promptly.

Plans for a $20m. economic development programme for Egypt were well on their way, American aid officials reported.

Negotiations on military aid are expected to take somewhat longer. After an agreement is reached, it is presumed that a U.S. military mission would go to Egypt to study the country's views and needs.

How the new possibilities would fit in with the Turkish-Pakistan pact was not clear. That pact has been pictured as something which might be expected to draw Iraq and other nations into a "Northern Tier" of Middle East Defence.

Some diplomatic informants thought that Egypt would now press for placing the Arab League as a whole within the framework of a regional system. They added that Egypt may be expected to try to put a stop to Iraq's "flirtation" with the Turkish-Pakistan alliance and to pull her back into the bosom of the Arab League.

A Washington despatch to the Cairo "Al Ahram" said that Mr. Foster Dulles, U.S. Secretary of State, working in cooperation with the Assistant Secretary of State, Mr. Henry Byroade and the American Ambassador in Cairo, Mr. Jefferson Caffery, had played an important part in drawing up the agreement. The despatch stated that Mr. Dulles had raised the Egyptian issue at each one of his conferences with the British Foreign Secretary, Mr. Anthony Eden.

Ike: Israel, Egypt Situation 'Confused'

WASHINGTON, Wednesday (Reuter). — President Eisenhower stated at his press conference today that he was highly pleased that Britain and Egypt had resolved their dispute over the Suez Canal Zone. The agreement safe-guarded Egypt's national aspirations and the requirements of Western defence.

Mr. Eisenhower said that it was evidence of patient "statesmanship" on both sides, and he thought that the legitimate national aspirations of Egypt had been protected and the requirements of Western defence catered for.

He hoped sincerely that Egypt could now go ahead with her friends in improving both her economic and security positions. He added that he was highly pleased.

Asked if Egypt had undertaken to improve her relations with Israel, Mr. Eisenhower replied that he could not say anything. That was a most confused situation, he stated.

United States policies were to promote friendship between all nations in the area, and he had expressed this conviction before. He added that there would be no future for any country there unless the United States could bring about something of this kind.

Blockade to Go On, Says Cairo Spokesman in US

WASHINGTON, Wednesday (INA). — An Egyptian Embassy spokesman said here today that it was his country's understanding that the present anti-Israel blockade would continue and that the Suez settlement in no way compromised Egypt's attitude towards "Israel aggression."

Crucial Vote Today In Commons

LONDON, Wednesday. — The Commons will vote today on a Government resolution approving the heads of agreement initialled in Cairo on the evacuation of the Suez Canal.

The official Labour Party organ, the "Daily Herald," said earlier today that Prime Minister Winston Churchill faced defeat over the agreement. Together with the Tory rebels, the Labour Opposition could bring down the Government. The article raised the spectre of a Cabinet crisis.

The Opposition still has to decide whether it will put forward an amendment to the Government resolution.

The 40 Tory rebels who are implacably opposed to the agreement, met tonight to decide their policy. Earlier, they had announced that they would vote against the Government.

'Shock And Horror'

Parliamentary sources stated that there was "shock and horror" among Labour ranks when the full terms of the agreement became known last night.

Labour's vote was not certain, since it has long supported the principle of Suez evacuation. A vote against the Government, however, might be interpreted by the general public as a *volte face* for the sole purpose or forcing an election.

The War Office announced today that the War Minister, Mr. Anthony Head, would shortly be issuing a statement on the Army's plans for the disposal of the forces, which would include deployment to Libya, Jordan, Cyprus, "and possibly Haifa in Israel."

A member of the Tory rebels commented that Mr. Head was the "advocate and architect" of plans for basing British troops in Israel as well as in the Arab States.

(Reuter, UP)

Suez Pact Will Reduce Tension, MP's Told

LONDON, Wednesday. — Foreign Secretary Anthony Eden, in a statement to the House of Commons today on the evacuation of the Suez Canal, said that Britain has re-affirmed her intention "to abide by the terms of the Tripartite Declaration of May 2, 1950 relating to peace and stability between the Arab states and Israel."

"I have discussed this with both my French and my American friends and find them both equally determined to uphold that Declaration," he added.

Mr. Eden stated that the agreement with Egypt should contribute to a reduction of tension in the Middle East as a whole.

"It is our hope," he continued, "that it will now be possible to establish our relations with Egypt on a new basis of friendship and understanding.

"The agreement will include a clause recognizing the economic, commercial and strategic importance of the Suez Canal, and will express the determination of both parties to uphold the 1888 Convention guaranteeing freedom of navigation."

Freedom of Navigation

The former Labour Foreign Secretary, Mr. Herbert Morrison, asked whether there was now to be "effective free facilities for the transit of shipping through the Suez Canal, including shipping destined for Israel." He also asked Mr. Eden whether he was satisfied that Israel's interests had been adequately safeguarded.

Mr. Eden answered, "We have always had very much in mind the question of relations between Israel and Egypt. The position over the Canal does not arise out of the agreement of 1936, which this is replacing, but out of the Suez Canal Convention of 1888. As Mr. Morrison knows, the trouble has arisen as a result of the war between the Arab states and Israel.

No Arms To Egypt

"If it is the wish of the whole of this House to try to reduce tension between the Arab states and Israel, I ask the House to judge if we shall be better able to use that influence if we have an agreement with Egypt or not."

Mr. Eden also told former Labour Defence Minister, Mr. Emanuel Shinwell, that there was nothing in the agreement which permitted Britain to supply arms to Egypt.

Mr. Clement Attlee, leader of the Labour Opposition, asked whether the agreement had the consent of the Prime Minister "in view of his statements on the absolute necessity of having troops in Egypt for the defence of the Suez Canal and the violent language he had used when any proposal was put forward by the Opposition for withdrawal." The question brought laud laughter from the Opposition benches.

Sir Winston Churchill stood up and replied, "I am convinced that it is absolutely necessary." *(Reuter, UP)*

Lyttleton Resigns in Cabinet Reshuffle

LONDON, Wednesday (Reuter). — The Cabinet today announced a reshuffle involving the resignation of the Colonial Secretary, Mr. Oliver Lyttleton, and changes in three other ministerial posts.

Mr. Lyttleton

Mr. Alan Lennox-Boyd, now Minister of Transport, is to succeed Mr. Lyttleton, while Mr. Derek Heathcoat-Amory becomes Minister of Agriculture in place of Sir Thomas Dugdale, who resigned last week.

Mr. John Boyd Carpenter becomes Minister of Transport. Several other minor changes were also announced.

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Social & Personal

President Ben-Zvi received the Prime Minister and Minister for Foreign Affairs, Mr. Moshe Sharett, yesterday, who reported the latest political developments. A courtesy call on Mrs. Rahel Ben-Zvi was made by the Italian Minister to Israel, Benedetto Capomazza, marchese di Campolattaro, and his wife.

Mr. Arthur Lourie, Deputy Director General of the Foreign Ministry, left by El Al for New York yesterday on a private visit.

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Mr. Y. Bareli, chairman of the Board of the Workers' Bank, has left for Europe on behalf of the Bank.

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Mr. S. Peristein, M.K., President of the Merchants' Association, left by Cyprus Airways for Cyprus on Tuesday night for the international fair on the island, which opened yesterday.

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Mr. E. L. Clark, a petroleum chemical engineer of the U.S. Bureau of Mines, arrived by BOAC yesterday to join the scientific staff of Israel Mining Industries. He expects to remain here for two years.

•

Mr. Stroe Lupescu, Managing Director of "Supergas," left for Europe and the U.S. to acquire new equipment for the Company.

•

Mr. George Machline, manager of Sabena Belgian Airlines in Israel, returned on Tuesday by Sabena after spending a week in Brussels for business consultations.

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Mr. Moshe Peled, supervisor of pre-vocational education in the Ministry of Education and Culture, returned to Israel on Sunday after a six-month course of study in the U.S.

EFRATI TO MOSCOW FOR FARM EXHIBIT

LYDDA AIRPORT, Wednesday. — Mr. Y. Efrati, Deputy Minister of Agriculture, left by El Al this morning on his way to Moscow for a two-week visit, at the invitation of the Soviet Ministry of Agriculture.

Mr. Efrati was accompanied by Mr. S. Kinarti, of the Agricultural Centre, and Mr. E. Glasin, of the Farmers Federation. The mission, which is one of 40 groups from all over the world invited by the USSR, will attend the all-Russian agricultural exhibition opening in Moscow on August 1. *(ITIM)*

PRIESTS HERE FOR STUDY

A group of 36 priests, of the Pontifical Biblical Institute in Rome, arrived in Israel via Mandelbaum Gate yesterday. They were greeted by Dr. M. Mendes, of the Ministry for Religious Affairs, and by Father Simkovski, Israel director of the Institute. The group, which has come for study purposes and to visit the Holy Places, will remain in Israel for three weeks.

THE LARGEST water pool in the rural areas, completed in Kfar Saba earlier in the week, was dedicated yesterday by the town's water authority.

Where to go

JERUSALEM

★ **Exhibitions:—**
Exhibit of the month: Greek pyxis, black-painted pottery bowl, 4th Century B.C.E. National Museum Bezalel, 9-1, 3-6 p.m.
"Conquest of the Desert" permanent exhibition at the former Israel Pavilion of the International 'Conquest of the Desert' Exhibition. 10-1, 4-6 p.m.

★ **Archaeology:—**
Department of Antiquities Special exhibition chalcolithic objects from Tell Abu-Matar, near Beersheba, including various finds from a Chalcolithic and Middle Bronze mass tomb near Tell Aswir. Rehov Shlomo Hamelech. Open 9-1, 4-6.

★ **Library:—**
American Library and Reading Room, U.S. Consulate, Mamilla Rd. Entrance free. 9-1, 3-6 p.m.

★ **Tours:—**
Hebrew University conducted tour, new administration building, King George Ave., opposite Terra Sancta, 10 a.m.

★ **Lectures:—**
Outlook for Americans in Israel; Mr. Leo Krown. Public opening session of Second Annual Convention of the Intercollegiate Zionist Federation of America; Teachers' Seminary, Beit Hakerem; 8.30 p.m.

TEL AVIV

★ **Exhibitions:—**
Paintings, sculptures, applied art by Sahara, Louise and Bezalel Schatz, Modern Mexican graphic art, ancient Mexican pottery. Museum, 10-1, 4-7 p.m.

★ **Theatre: —**
"The Trouble Makers," Chamber Theatre, Mograbi, 8.30 p.m.
Habimah, "The Crucible," Habimah Theatre, 8.30 p.m.

RAMAT GAN

★ **Theatre:—**
Do-Re-Mi, "Silva, The Csarda Princess," Rama Hall, 8.30 p.m.

ON SATURDAY NIGHT
JULY 31, 1954
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LAW REPORT

THE JERUSALEM POST

July 29, 1954

In the Supreme Court sitting as Court of Criminal Appeal.
Before Justices Cheshin, Silberg and Goitein.
D. Ganor, Appellant, v. The Attorney General, Respondent (Cr.208/53)

MARRIAGE CEREMONY IN ADVOCATE'S OFFICE

The Supreme Court, by a majority judgment, Justice Goitein dissenting, dismissed an appeal against a judgment of the Tel Aviv District Court (Judge Kenneth) given on July 30, 1953 (Cr. A.346/53) whereby the appellant was found guilty of a misdemeanour, contrary to section 105 of the Criminal Code Ordinance, 1936, and fined IL.50. The appeal afforded another opportunity for the Court to express its views concerning the offence of "Public Mischief" which was previously considered in Cr.A.53/54 and again in Cr.A.19/54 (See *The Jerusalem Post* Law Reports of July 18 and 27, 1954).

Case History

The appellant, a practising advocate, had agreed to celebrate a marriage in his office in Tel Aviv, without being a person authorized to perform such ceremonies. The couple in question had previously applied to the proper Jewish religious authorities in order to undergo a religious marriage ceremony, but their application had been rejected, since the bridegroom was a "Cohen" and the bride a divorcee.

They subsequently applied to the appellant, who agreed to perform the ceremony, and having arranged all necessary formalities, married the couple in his office on December 12, 1952. Previously, the appellant had made enquiries regarding the past life of the couple, in order to ascertain that they could be legally married. He had made no effort whatsoever to keep the matter secret; on the contrary, notice was given aforehand by advertisement in a newspaper, and at the ceremony itself two witnesses were present. There were also two uninvited guests in the person of two police constables who had been sent especially to warn the appellant and to request him to abandon his intention. The appellant, however, insisted on performing the ceremony, being convinced, as he declared in a statement made to the police, that as an advocate he was entitled to do any legal act in order to assist his clients.

In his evidence in the District Court, the appellant stated that he had actually explained to the couple what they ought to do in order to solemnize the marriage, and that he had instructed them how to achieve that purpose, but that it was they who took the initiative. Actually, the ceremony had been conducted twice, since at the first ceremony, which took place some time before, a procedural defect had occurred.

On the grounds of these facts the appellant was charged on summary procedure in the Tel Aviv District Court with an offence against section 105 of the Criminal Code Ordinance (public mischief); with an offence against section 182 of the Ordinance (celebration of a marriage otherwise than in accordance with the law applicable to the parties to such marriage); and with an offence against section 7 of the Marriage and Divorce (Registration) Ordinance. The second count was subsequently withdrawn by the prosecution, and the third count was quashed by the District Court. The conviction was based on the first count only, after it had been amended by the Court.

Judgment

Justice Cheshin opened his judgment by declaring that he saw no reason to interfere with the findings of the lower court. The appellant, as a practising lawyer, must have been well aware that the authorities had at all times endeavoured to exercise full control of marriage procedure in this country. For that purpose, the Marriage and Divorce (Registration) Ordinance had been enacted, which provides, *inter alia*, that for marriages celebrated according to Jewish law the "registering authority" is the Rabbi. The term "Rabbi" had been interpreted narrowly by subsequent judicial precedents and applied only to Rabbis appointed by the appropriate authorities of the recognized Jewish community. The validity of marriages celebrated by other Rabbis had been questioned by Mandatory government departments, although there was no question that these Rabbis knew Jewish religious law.

It was beyond any doubt, however, Justice Cheshin said, that no layman, not even an advocate, was entitled to assume such functions, and to decide whether the couple in question could be lawfully married according to Jewish Law, when the proper authorities themselves entertained serious doubts.

The Justice concluded that if others were to follow the example set by the appellant, complete chaos and disorder would result; files of marriage registrations would be incomplete, and serious harm would be done to the public. The appellant was therefore rightly convicted of the offence of public mischief.

A similar view was taken by Justice Silberg. Applying the principle laid down by him in Cr.A. 53/54, according to which only such acts which cause damage to the public by reason of causing damage to its public or executive bodies could properly be defined as public mischief, the Justice held that all elements required to constitute the offence were present in this case. Whatever might be one's opinion regarding civil or religious marriage — there could be no dispute that control and order were indispensable requirements.

Justice Goitein, in his minority judgment, referred to the principles laid down by him in Cr.A.53/54 and held that in his view no offence had been committed. Since this particular marriage had been subsequently declared valid by the Civil Courts, it could not be said that the appellant was guilty of creating public mischief.

Appeal dismissed.

Judgment given on July 9, 1954.

The appellant appeared in person.

For the respondent: The Attorney General.

Correction. In the Law Report of July 22, 1954 ("Illegality of Polygamy"), 8th line from the end, the words "Jewish religious law" should have read "religious law applicable to the parties."

ARAB LEAGUE HELPS ALFRED LILIENTHAL

Alfred Lilienthal, author of "What Price Israel," arrived in Cairo on Monday, ANA reports. The Arab League Secretariat has cabled all Arab governments requesting them to facilitate Mr. Lilienthal's tour through the Arab world in spite of his Jewish origin, pointing out the "great services rendered the Arab cause" by the publication of his anti-Zionist book.

ON THE AIR

JERUSALEM: 480 M.; HAIFA: 240 M.; TEL AVIV: 25.4, 48.9 & 283 M.

FIRST PROGRAMME

NEWS: Hebrew: 7 a.m., 7.30, 6.00, 6.15, 8.30 & 11.00 p.m. Arabic Programme (including News): 8 a.m. 2.15 & 6.30 p.m. Turkish: 11.30 a.m.

6.30 a.m. Service. 6.35 Exercises. 6.45 Musical Clock (R). 7.10 Morning Melodies (R). 7.45 Oriental Music (R). 8.30 Close Down.

12.00 N. Programme for Factory Workers (Haifa). 12.30 Housewives' Corner. 12.50 Requests (R). 1.50 Songs (R). 3.00 Close Down.

4.00 p.m. Mif'al Ha'payis Draw. 4.15 Light Music. 4.30 "Where to Go" (Jerusalem). 5.00 Mif'al Ha'payis Draw. 5.30 Children's Hour. 7.00 Concert Hall: Works by Wagenaar, Henkemans, Pijper & van Aanroy. 7.45 Memorial Service for Z. Jabotinsky by E. Raziel-Naor. 8.00 Communities in Israel. 8.25 Bible Reading. 8.50 The Knesset and its Committees. 9.15 Recital: Isiah Braker & Arieh Sachs. 9.45 Variety Programme. 10.15 Kol Yisrael Orchestra, Conductor: Hanan Schlesinger, Soloist: Hanna Aharoni. 10.45 Night Music (R). 11.05 Close Down.

SECOND PROGRAMME
480, 235, 215, 48.8 M.

English News: 1.45 p.m., 10.15 p.m. French News: 2.00 p.m.

KOL ZION LAGOLA (33.2 M.): 12.00 p.m. News, Newsreel. 12.30 Vocal Recital: Heinz Rehfuss.

IMMIGRANTS' HOUR (33.2, 34.9 & 4.60 M.): French: 7.30 p.m. Ladino: 8.00 p.m. Yiddish: 8.45 p.m.

ARMY PROGRAMME (44.5, 216, 225 & 229 M.): 6.30 Opening. 6.35 Songs. 7.00 Songs. 8.00 Musical Quiz. 8.30 News. 8.40 Classical Requests Programme. 9.30 Dance Music. 10.00 Close Down.

B.B.C. HEBREW BROADCASTS: 24.80, 24.92, 30.89, 30.90 M.): 7.30-8.00 p.m. Neks News Talk. Week's Feature.

VOICE OF AMERICA English Broadcasts: (16.9, 19.6, 31.4 M.): 5.00-5.30 p.m. Repeated at 8.00-8.30 p.m. on 24.6 & 31.2 M.

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COMPLETE TRANSLATION: —

Covenant Between Israel Gov't And World Zionist Organization

1. The following are the functions of the Zionist Executive as included in this Covenant: The organizing of immigration abroad and the transfer of immigrants and their property to Israel; cooperation in the absorption of immigrants in Israel; Youth Immigration; agricultural settlement in Israel; the acquisition and amelioration of land in Israel by the institutions of the Zionist Organisation, the Keren Kayemet Leisrael and the Keren Hayesod; participation in the establishment and the expansion of development enterprises in Israel; the encouragement of private capital investments in Israel; assistance to cultural enterprises and institutions of higher education in Israel; the mobilization of resources for financing these activities; the coordination of the activities in Israel of Jewish institutions and organizations acting within the limits of these functions by means of public funds.

Activities under the Law

2. Any activity carried out in Israel by the Executive or on its behalf for the purpose of carrying out the said functions, or part of them, shall be executed in accordance with the laws of Israel and the regulations and administrative instructions in force from time to time, which govern the activities of the governmental authorities whose functions cover or are affected by the activity in question.

Immigration

3. In the organizing of immigration and the handling of immigrants, the Executive shall act on the basis of a plan agreed on with the Government or authorized by the Coordination Board (See Para. 8). Immigrants will require visas according to the Law of the Return 5711-1950.

Coordination between Institutions

4. The Executive shall, in agreement with the Government, coordinate the activities in Israel of Jewish institutions and organizations which act within the limits of the Executive's functions.

Transfer of Functions

5. The Executive may carry out its functions itself or through its existing institutions or those which it may establish in the future, and it may also enlist in its activities the cooperation of other institutions in Israel, with the proviso that it may not delegate any of its functions or rights under the Covenant without the agreement of the Government, and shall not authorize any body or institution to carry out its functions, in whole or in part, except after prior notification to the Government.

Mobilization of Resources

6. The Executive shall be responsible for the mobilization of the financial and material resources required for the execution of its functions, by means of the Keren Hayesod, the Keren Kayemet Leisrael and other funds.

Legislation

7. The Government shall consult the Executive in regard to legislation specially impinging on the functions of the Executive before such legislation is submitted to the Knesset.

Coordination Board

8. For the purpose of coordinating activities between the Government and the Executive in all spheres to which this Covenant applies, a Coordination Board shall be established (hereafter called the Board). The Board shall be composed of an even number of members, not fewer than four, half of whom shall be members of the Government appointed by it, and half of whom shall be members of the Executive appointed by it. The Government and the Executive shall be entitled from time to time to replace the members of the Board by others among their members.

Its Activities

9. The Board shall meet at least once a month. It may appoint sub-committees consisting of members of the Board and also of non-members. The Board shall from time to time submit to the Government and the Executive reports of its deliberations and recommendations. Except as stated above, the Council shall itself determine the arrangements for its sessions and deliberations.

Permits and Facilities

10. The Government must see to it that its authorised organs shall provide the Executive and its institutions with all the permits and facilities required by law for activities carried out in accordance with this Covenant for the purpose of carrying out the Executive's functions.

Relief from Taxes

11. Donations and legacies to the Executive or any of its institutions shall be exempt from Inheritance Tax. All other problems connected with the exemption of the Executive, its Funds and its other institutions from payment of taxes, customs and other obligatory governmental imposts shall be the subject of a special arrangement between the Executive and the Government. This arrangement shall be formulated in an annex to this Covenant within eight months, as an inseparable part thereof, and shall come into force as from the date of signature of this Covenant.

Alterations

12. All proposals for alterations or amendments to this Covenant, or any addition thereto, must be made in writing and no alteration or amendment of this Covenant, or addition thereto, shall be made except in writing.

Notifications

13. Any notification to be sent to the Government shall be sent to the Prime Minister, and any notification to be sent to the Executive shall be sent to the Chairman of the Executive in Jerusalem.

Date of Coming into Force

14. This Covenant shall come into force on the date of signature.

SEHU
KILLS
FLIES and MOSQUITOES!

CIVIL CASE NO. 324/53
In the District Court Jerusalem
Before: The Registrar Mr. Moshe Cohen. In the case of: Elie Eliachar Plaintiff vs. Hirsh Brender Defendant
Action for payment of IL.2,983.980. Plus interest from date of action costs and advocate's fees.
For Plaintiff: Adv. Scharf.

ORDER

I adjudge Defendant to pay Plaintiff an amount in Israel Pounds equal to 583 Pounds Sterling on the date of payment.

I further adjudge Defendant to pay Plaintiff interest at the rate of 9% from the date of filing the action i.e. December 25, 1953, costs of action and IL.150 advocate's fees.

Given in the presence of attorney for Plaintiff only on 21st Sivan 5714 —June 22, 1954.

(—) **M. COHEN**
Registrar

Yesterday's Press:

Danger of War In Middle East

Commenting on the initialling of the Anglo-Egyptian agreement, "Davar" (Histadrut) says that it will not assure peace in the Middle East until the Egyptian rulers understand that no aggressive act will be tolerated against Israel. The transfer of the military bases to them makes it imperative that they give us very tangible guarantees to allow free shipping through Suez and to maintain the *status quo* in the Middle East.

"Haboker" (General Zionist) believes that the main motives for British evacuation were not military but political: sick France got its sedative at Geneva, and the British people too needed an injection on the eve of the parliamentary recess. The paper says that if the arms shipments to Egypt continue after signing of the agreement the dangerous events which it was intended to end will only really begin.

"Zmanim" (Progressive) says that Israel regarded the Egyptian claims for Suez as justified. Two guarantees are needed to preserve peace: The 1950 Border Guarantee should be reiterated and the provisions of the evacuation pact subjected to Egyptian behaviour toward Israel. Israel's demand for arms is fully justified in view of what Egypt is getting, and it should be pressed vigorously.

"Herut" polemises against the "defeatist line" of "Ha'aretz" (Independent) (which wishes to demonstrate that Jews in North Africa are more or less safe) on immigration and says that it was this same cautious attitude which lulled not a few Jews to false security on the eve of Nazi destruction.

"Kol Ha'am" (Communist) disputes a report in "Al Hamishmar" (Mapam) that the Communist-sponsored "Appeal for a Congress promoting friendship between the Soviet Union and Israel" had been signed only by known party-liners. (There now exist three separate Soviet-Israel "Friendship Leagues"). Calling a Communist a Communist, was "MacCarthyism".

"Al Hamishmar" deals with the signing of the government-Jewish Agency charter while "Hatzofe" (World Mizrahi Union) comments on the law on the appointment of religious judges. "Ha'aretz" claims that unorganized labour should not be forcibly ousted from the farms as it recently was in various parts of the country.

TIES BETWEEN HOLLAND, ISLAMIC COUNTRIES

By HENRIETTE BOAS

AMSTERDAM (By Airmail). — A special Moslem Department was opened at the Institute for the Tropics here recently. The permanent exhibition was officially declared open by the Pakistan Charge d'Affaires in Holland, Laishah Bokhari, who dwelt on the great similarity in the bases of Islam and Christianity.

This exhibition, which shows various aspects of Moslem religion and customs, wants to give a greater knowledge of Islam to the Dutch public. It must also be seen, as was officially stated, as an attempt to weld closer relations between Holland, with its worldwide commercial interests, and the mighty girdle of the Islamic countries, which stretches over three continents, and the 400 million Moslems who are found throughout the world.'

THE TEL AVIV office of the Ministry of Education, now located in Jaffa, 258 Rehov 6, third floor, telephone number 82351, will be open to the public, from Thursday. It was formerly located at 83 Rehov Allenby.

THE THEATRE OF COMICS
tomorrow, FRIDAY, July 30, at 9 p.m. at the
PANORAMA HOTEL-GARDEN, Mt. Carmel, HAIFA
"Alles Lacht Mit"
Rachel Safier, Adi Koerner, Moshe Goldman,
Paul Kapper. — At the piano: Dr. Alsberg.
ENTRANCE FREE — COVER CHARGE: IL. 1.400.
Table reservation: Tel. 3319.

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Tel Aviv Stock Markets

JULY 28.		Rise or Fall
Govt. Loans		
5% 1955 (reg.)	105½	—
5% 1956 (reg.)	101	—
5% 1958 (reg.)	100	—
Pop. Loans		
1949/69 (IL.10)	102½	—
1950/75 (IL. 10)	99½	—
3½% Tavel Dollar	187(x)	—
3½% War Loan 54/59	78½	—
3½% Govt. Bonds large	96	+½
Pal. Bonsur Bd.		
Ser. 1	74½	—
Ser. 2	73½	—
Ser. 3	74½	+½
B. Leumi Ord. sh.	306	—
A.P.B. Invest.		
4% Debs. 50/70	90	—
4½% Pref. sh.	100	
Ord. sh. "B"	113½	—½
Gazit Ord. Sh. "B"	105½	—
Gen. Mortg. Bk.		
4% Debs. 48/63	73½	—
6% Pref. sh.	75	—
Bisur 4% Debs. 46/58	89	—
4½% Debs 52/66 reg.	73½	—
Nir Ltd.		
4% Debs. 39/59	79	
5% Pref. sh	69	—½
Pass Debs. 4% 42/62	79½	—
P.L.D.C. Ord. sh. reg.	156½	—½
8% Debs.	90½	+½(c)
Afr. Pal Inv. Ord. sh	118½	—½
Rassco 4% Debs. 56/63	68	
6% Pref. Ord. sh	94½	+½
Pal. Potash 6% Pref. sh	400	—
"A" Ord. sh.	206	+5
Pal. Elec. Ord. sh. (Isr.	470	—2
Pal. Elec. O.d. sh. (Ldn.	596	—1
Jerus. Electric (Ldn.)	310	—
Mekoroth Pref. sh.	71	—
Ata 6% "C" Pref. sh.	100½	—
Ord. "C" sh.	138	—1½
6-8% Conv. Debs.	102½	—
"Kardaneh" Ord "B" sh	145½	—1
Ord. "C" sh.	145½	—1
7% Conv. Debs. 59/68	113½	—½
Pal Brewery 8% conv.	102½	—
Assis-Bej. "B" sh.	164½	—½
"Teva" Ord. sh	100½	—c)
Nesher 6% Debs. Ser. A.	114½	—c)
6% Debs. Ser B.	141	—c)
Pal. Cold St. 7% Debs.	144	—
Lodzia 4½% Pref. sh.	71½	—
S.A. Binyan Ord. sh.	83	—b)
Pal. Centr. Tr. pref.	96	—a)

Notes: a) purchasing price; b) selling price; c) ex-coupons; d) ex-right; x) prutot per one Dollar.

THE HARSA ceramic factory is the first Beersheba enterprise to exhibit at an international fair, following the despatch of samples to the Israel Pavilion at the Izmir fair in Turkey.

Notice to the Public

COMPULSORY LOAN

I hereby draw the attention of all debtors to the Compulsory Loan ("Kofer Milve"), that according to Para. 37 (a) (2) of the Compulsory Loan Registration — 1953, they should pay the next and third instalment as from August 1, 1954. This payment should cover 15% of the total loan payable by them, as stipulated in the claim they were addressed.

Payments may be effected in cash or by remittance, to which should be attached a covering letter indicating the file number.

Ministry of Finance
Compulsory Loan

EMERGENCY PHARMACIES

JERUSALEM: Herzl, Jaffa Rd., 5068. Zichron Moshe, near Edison Cinema, 4191.
TEL AVIV: Avramski, 42 Allenby, 3526. Moscovici, 25 King George, 62650. Hagahl, 90 Ben Yehuda, 23358. Ahva, 165 Dizengoff, 24717. Hatikva, Hatikva Qtr., 67404.
JAFFA: Alfandari, 31 Rehov 1, 81607. **B'NEI BRAK:** Hirshbein, Rehov Haroshi. **RAMAT GAN:** Aliya, 2 Yahalom. **GIVAT RAMBAM:** Rambam.
HAIFA: Herzl, 42 Herzl, 2916. Anglo-American, 39 Ha'atzmaut, 2508.
KIRYAT MOTZKIN: Motzkin, 7202.

EMERGENCY PHYSICIANS

JERUSALEM: Dr. L. Romanoff, 11 Arlosoroff, 61217. Dr. Y. Shore, 26 Rehov Rashi.
TEL AVIV: Dr. M. Shaham, 1 Syrkin, 25842. Dr. N.L. Sacher, 165 Dizengoff, 26393. Dr. I. Griffel, 6 Ben Yehuda, 66496. **JAFFA:** Dr. Alcalai, 65 Rehov 4.
HAIFA: Dr. A. Eparon, 67 Herzl, 3577. Dr. H. Sherman, 3 Hanevi'im, 3424. Dr. Landau, 4 Mahanayim, 6832.

JERUSALEM CINEMAS

At 3, 7.15 and 9.15 p.m.

ARNON: Stampede.
EDEN: Young Bess, 2nd week.
EDISON: Un Caprice de Caroline Cherie.
ORGIL: Rancho Notorious.
ORION: Daring Circus Youth.
ORNA: The Quiet Man, 2nd week.
STUDIO: A Matter of Life and Death.
ZION: Femmes Interdites.

TODAY TODAY TODAY TODAY
EITHER preventative war
OR immediate peace
With IRAQ AND EGYPT
Iraq is about to receive arms shipments from the U.S. Egypt will soon be in sole control of the Suez Canal and will also receive arms from the U.S. Leaders of both countries have named Israel as their No. 1 enemy and repeated often their determination to start a "second-round" war of revenge.
'EITHER-OR'
READ THIS FEATURE ARTICLE TODAY IN
FRONTPAGE
ON SALE AT ALL NEWSSTANDS

The Palestine Land Development Company Limited

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an Extraordinary General Meeting of THE PALESTINE LAND DEVELOPMENT COMPANY LIMITED will be held at the offices of the Company at Hatirah Building, Hillel Street, Jerusalem on the 23rd day of August 1954 at 11 o'clock in the forenoon for the purpose of considering and, if thought fit, passing as special resolutions the following resolutions (with or without amendments) that is to say:—

1. That the Articles of Association of the Company be altered by inserting at the end thereof the following new heading and Article, namely:—

"WINDING-UP

"140. If the Company shall be wound up, the liquidator may, with the sanction of a special resolution of the Company divide amongst the members in specie or in kind the whole or any part of the assets of the Company (whether they shall consist of the property of the same kind or not) and may for such purpose set such value as he deems fair upon any property to be divided as aforesaid and may determine how such division shall be carried out as between the members or different classes of members. The liquidator may with the like sanction vest the whole or any part of such assets in a trustee or trustees upon such trusts for the benefit of the contributories or any of them as the liquidator shall think fit, but so that no member shall be compelled to accept any shares or other securities whereon there is any liability."

2. That the Company be wound up voluntarily and that Reuben Chaikin of 1, Hagefen Street, Haifa, Israel be appointed Liquidator for the purposes of the said winding up.

3. That the said Liquidator be empowered to enter into an arrangement with The Israel Land Development Company Limited for the transfer to such Company of the whole of the business and undertaking of The Palestine Land Development Company Limited and the receipt from such Company of shares in its capital for distribution among the members of The Palestine Land Development Company Limited and for that purpose to enter on behalf of the Company and himself into an agreement in the form of the draft submitted to this meeting and for purposes of identification signed by the Chairman thereof and to carry the same into effect so soon as the Scheme of Arrangement dated the 18th February 1954 between the Company and the holders of its Ordinary Shares and Founders' Shares shall take effect.

Jerusalem, the 29th day of July, 1954.

BY ORDER OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS
A. ASHBEL
Secretary.

The proposed agreement between The Israel Land Development Company Limited and the Company and the Liquidator and the Memoranda and Articles of Association of the Company and of The Israel Land Development Company Limited may be inspected at the registered office of the Company at 4 College Hill, Cannon Street, London and at the office of the Company at Hatirah Building, Hillel Street, Jerusalem.

A member entitled to attend and vote is entitled to appoint one or more proxies to attend and vote for him. Such proxies need not be members of the Company. The instrument appointing the proxy must be received by the Company at its office in Jerusalem not later than one clear day before the time of the Meeting.

A Holder of share warrants who wishes to attend the Meeting must submit to the Company immediately prior to the Meeting either the share warrants in respect of which he wishes to vote or a letter from the Bank or other financial institution in which his warrants are deposited certifying the deposit and giving the numbers of the warrants so deposited and the number of shares covered by them.

Today's Post Bag

THE WEATHER

	*A	B	C	D
Mt. Cana'an	42	20	31	30
Tiberias	35	25	39	38
Haifa Port	65	—	30	30
Natanya	73	23	31	30
Tel Aviv North	66	22	30	30
Tel Aviv Port	73	22	29	30
Lydda Airport	66	21	32	31
Jerusalem	56	20	29	28
Beersheba	31	20	35	34
Eilat	9	24	42	40

*A) Humidity at 8 p.m. B) Minimum temp. C) Maximum yesterday D) Maximum temp. expected today

CURRENCY IN circulation declined last week by IL.1,473,644 to IL.153,612,630. Foreign currency holdings dropped by IL.973,844 to IL.33,984,630, while Treasury Bills dropped by IL.500,000 to IL.42,380,000.

• • •

THE SAFAD Mayor, M. Pedhazur, was obliged yesterday to interrupt his sick leave and return to work, because the Minister of Interior had refused to approve the appointment of the District Officer, Mr. Y. Reuveni, as Deputy Mayor during the period, the Mayor told the Town Council.

• • •

A GROUP OF relief workers who were employed by the Tel Aviv Municipality until Tuesday, staged a sit-in strike yesterday at the city's Water Department offices, the biggest employer of relief workers. The strike was arranged by the Labour Exchange when the Municipality dismissed 300 workers.

• • •

THE POLICE commander of Ramat Gan was slightly injured in the Hamifdo Ha'ezrahi quarter at two o'clock on Wednesday morning when a man, suspected of stealing chickens from the Gut orange grove, near Tel Litvinsky, resisted arrest.

DEPLORING THE fact that no educational institution existed in the country for delinquent girls, Mr. D. Reifin, Magistrate of the Juvenile Court in Tel Aviv, yesterday set free a 14-year-old girl who for the past six months has been a prostitute.

• • •

THE CASE of Nathan Teppe, who is charged with the premeditated murder of his wife, Shulamit, was ordered yesterday to be transferred to the Tel Aviv District Court by Mr. Y. Treivish, Petah Tikva Magistrate, at the conclusion of the preliminary investigation.

Press Say Crime Bill Threatens Freedom

A resolution expressing deep concern that certain clauses in the proposed "Crimes against the State" law will curtail freedom of the Press was passed by the Jerusalem Journalists' Association at its recent Annual Meeting. This section of the general criminal code, which passed its first reading in the Knesset some weeks ago, will strike at the base of Israel's social and political structure, the resolution stated.

The Executive Committee of the Association was assigned the task of working with other journalists' organizations to bring before the public eye the necessity for amending those clauses in the proposed law which directly or indirectly will affect freedom of the Press. The Committee is composed of Messrs. R. Coralnick, G. Citroni, A. Talmuki, Y. Cohen, H. Yefet, S. Ben Horin and Dr. M. Tabor.

Levanon to See Rokach on Budget

TEL AVIV, Wednesday. — The Municipality's Finance Committee tonight empowered Mayor Haim Levanon to negotiate with the Minister of Interior to obtain his approval for the city's IL.24.5m. budget. The Minister rejected the budget, claiming that it should be reduced by IL.2.1m.

At the meeting, resentment of the Government was expressed for not increasing its grants to the Municipality.

The committee also approved the Ministry of Labour Popular Housing Scheme on the left bank of the Yarkon River, where 500 units will be built. The construction of roads there was also approved.

Booklet Reviews Development Budget

Agriculture has received 35 per cent of development funds in the past five years. This is revealed in a 212-page review of the country's Development Budgets from 1949/50 to 1953/54 published by the Ministry of Finance yesterday.

Simultaneously, the Ministry issued a 56-page booklet explaining in detail the purposes for which it is proposed to use the funds in the 1954/55 Development Budget, to be presented to the Knesset next week.

The breakdown of the proposed IL.196m. Development Budget was made public last week.

HUNGARIAN EMIGRATION MAY BE PERMITTED

LYDDA AIRPORT, Wednesday. — There are signs that the Hungarian authorities may soon permit the immigration to Israel of Jewish men above 75 and women above 50, Mr. Ya'acov Frang, 74, said here last night on arrival from Hungary via Vienna. He was accompanied by his wife Feiga, 72.

(Itim)

LIFE TERM REDUCED

The life term passed on George Delal, convicted sixteen months ago of the murder of his wife Aliza, was reduced to 15 years in prison yesterday by the High Court, sitting as Court of Appeals, and the murder charge was changed to one of manslaughter.

Delal had been found guilty by the Haifa District Court in April 1953 of murdering his wife in the Tira *ma'bara* in March 1953.

The Court consisted of Justices Cheshin, Silberg, and Sussman.

WOMAN ELECTROCUTED

REHOVOT, Wednesday. — Mrs. Sara Barzilai, 44, of Kibbutz Na'an, was electrocuted this morning when she plugged an electric kettle into a faulty wiring system in her room.

When Mrs. Barzilai, who worked in the kibbutz children's kitchen, did not appear for work in the morning, her husband returned to their room, where he found her dead, clutching the socket.

6 Parties Table Motion Protecting Tenants of Commercial Premises

Jerusalem Post Knesset Reporter

A joint, six-party motion for the extension of full tenants' protection regulations to the occupants of commercial premises was tabled yesterday by Dr. M. Bader (Herut) on behalf of Messrs. M. Unna (Hapoel Hamizrahi), B. Azanya (Mapai), M. Bader (Herut), I. Harari (Progressives), S. Perlstein (General Zionists) and H. Rubin (Mapam).

The motion recommends that owners of commercial premises who obtain authority to carry out structural alterations to their premises should not be permitted simply to give their tenants six months' notice, as under the present law, but should be required to find alternative accommodation or pay compensation, as must be done in the case of tenants evacuated from residential premises.

Mr. P. Rosen, the Minister of Justice, agreed that an amendment of this type was urgently required, and promised that it would be presented by the Government for a first reading as soon as possible.

The Speaker, Mr. B. Mintz, explained that it was not possible to accede to Dr. Bader's request and consider the tabling of the motion as a first reading of the amendment. The vote approving the motion was unanimous, the Communists having left the hall to avoid voting with other parties, or against the motion.

Dr. Avniel (Herut) tabled a motion asking for a law to control the operation of public transport, both in view of the threatened bus strike and in connection with an incident after the Herzl anniversary celebrations, when Hamekasher buses returned to town empty and forced passengers to walk following a dispute between a driver and a policeman.

Higher Bus Fares

Mr. J. Saphir, Minister of Communications, reported on negotiations with the bus cooperatives in connection with their application for the approval of higher fares. He stated that he did not consider that the new rises were justified after those approved in February, which were still sufficient to cover the present new increases in expenditure. Bonuses were being paid in addition to wages to members of the cooperatives, and these could not be recognized for the purpose of calculating costs.

He agreed with Dr. Avniel that the relatively low fares in Israel, compared with fares in other countries, were kept at that level at the cost of the public's comfort, and that under present conditions it was not possible to raise prices to a level where all passengers would be assured of seats even in the rush hours. An allocation for new vehicles was, however, included in the calculation, and the overcrowding on some lines at present was unjustified and unnecessary, and everything would be done to improve matters.

He added that the present transport regulations were incomplete, but that it was intended to take such legal proceedings as were possible against Hamekasher or individual drivers responsible for the failure to transport passengers from Mount Herzl.

Mr. Saphir said that he trusted the occasion would not arise, but that he would, if necessary, use the emergency regulations to prevent the stoppage of scheduled bus routes, even for an hour.

Hamekasher welcomes the announcement by the Minister of Communications on submitting the incident on Mount Herzl to legal clarification, the bus company spokesman said last night.

Dr. Avniel withdrew his motion on receiving an assurance that transport regulations would be presented to the Government by early autumn.

Mapam Faction Must Accept Discipline

TEL AVIV, Wednesday. — The five-man Central Committee of Mapam, the Party's executive body, resolved today to demand that the Le'ahdut Ha'avoda faction accept party discipline and retract the resolutions adopted at the minority's last convention. These resolutions include a rejection of the majority compromise proposal which offered consultation facilities in case of disputes, but which demanded obedience to the decisions of the majority.

The two Le'ahdut Ha'avoda members of the Central Committee reiterated their demands for parity consultation on disputable issues or as an alternative, freedom to publish their fortnightly "Lamerhav."

Meanwhile, Mr. Israel Galili, the Le'ahdut Ha'avoda leader, who is now on a study tour in Britain, has been recalled because of the crisis which, it is believed, will end in splitting Mapam. Mr. Galili is due back within the next ten days.

G.Z. CULTURE CENTRE

SAFAD, Wednesday. — The Cana'an Hotel here, which was bequeathed to the Jewish National Fund as a living legacy by Mrs. Sarah Levi, has been bought by Mrs. Jennie Crossinger of the U.S. and was donated by her to the General Zionist Organization as a cultural and recreation centre.

Among those present at a reception here today to celebrate the donation were: the Mayor of Safad; the Minister of Commerce and Industry; Dr. Harris J. Levine, President of the JNF in America; Mr. Mendel N. Fisher, Executive Director of the JNF in America; and Dr. Efron, representing Kupat Holim of the General Zionists.

The JNF is making $100,000 available for the project.

Mr. and Mrs. Pesin, of the U.S., unveiled the tablet of dedication.

15m. Documents In Memorial Archives

More than 15m. documents — letters, official orders and books — are to be housed in the Yad v'Shem archives and library which is to be built on Mt. Zikaron, near Mt. Herzl in Jerusalem, Mr. Mordecai Shenhabi, of the Yad v'Shem Executive, said yesterday in Jerusalem.

The cornerstone of the first building is to be laid this afternoon in the presence of President Ben-Zvi, Cabinet and Knesset members and leaders of the Zionist Movement.

The archives are not only to serve as a memorial to the victims of the Nazi holocaust, but also, and most important, as a means of perpetuating in the minds of the living the cold-blooded slaughter of six million Jews, Mr. Shenhabi said.

They should be completed in 1955, and will be equipped with the latest technical devices to preserve the documents. They will have 4,000 square metres of floor space and will cost IL.1.2m. to build. This is one third of the budget allocated for the two years 1954-55. The rest of the budget will be used for landscaping and preparing the 650-dunam area.

Main Structures

The other main structures are to be an Administration building, a synagogue, and "Yiskor" and "Courage" Halls. The latter two are to be linked by smaller buildings typifying certain phases of Jewish resistance, such as partisan movements, parachutists.

In addition, Yad v'Shem is to set up memorials, built of Jerusalem stone, in past and present Jewish communities, here and abroad.

Yad v'Shem has reached agreement with YIVO (Jewish Scientific Institute) in America, jointly to work out the bibliography, the descriptive catalogue and the geographic lexicon which will appear in three languages, Hebrew, English and Yiddish.

Mr. Shenhabi said that 50 per cent of the project's budget was advanced by the Claims Conference, 25 per cent by the State, 15 per cent from collections among the Jewish People, and 10 per cent from the Jewish Agency and Funds.

Buses for the cornerstone-laying ceremony are to leave the Central Station in Tel Aviv from 3.30 p.m.; from Egged station in Haifa from 2 p.m.; and from the Jewish Agency, Beit Ha'am, and Binyaney Ha'ooma in Jerusalem, at 5.45 p.m.

Doctors Convening On Salary Dispute

TEL AVIV, Wednesday. — The Israel Medical Association is to convene here on Saturday morning to endeavour to suggest ways of solving the new impasse between employed physicians and the Government and Histadrut.

A conference of the Government-employed physicians this week fixed August 15 as the deadline for definite action by a Government commission to increase their salaries. They complained that the commission had failed to include a representative of the doctors, as was originally agreed upon.

The National Committee of Kupat Holim Doctors yesterday rejected as inadequate an offer by the Histadrut Committee to increase salaries by about IL.10 a month, and demanded that the Committee finish its work satisfactorily within 30 days.

There again appears to be a definite increase in tension in the months-old employed physicians' salary dispute, but the possibility of a new strike is regarded by reliable sources as unlikely.

Habimah Success In Paris

PARIS, Wednesday (AFP). — Habimah wound up its performances here last night with Ashman's "Michal, Daughter of Saul."

As in the previous performances the actors received a great ovation.

With Habimah's participation, the Paris Festival of Dramatic Art came to an end. Twelve foreign and 11 French troupes had participated.

FOSTER MOTHER. — Mrs. G. van Langendyk, the foster mother of the Jewish war orphan, Betty Milhado, was sentenced yesterday to one year in prison for hiding the child from the Dutch authorities. She was acquitted of kidnapping Betty.

Negev Settlements Getting Electricity

BEERSHEBA, Wednesday. — Electrification of 30 new immigrant cooperative villages in the northern Negev near the Gaza Strip border has now started, with the financial cooperation of the Ministry of Interior, the Jewish Agency and the villages themselves. The job will cost about IL.1.2m., to be borne equally by the three parties, Government and Jewish Agency participation will be in the form of long-term credits for the acquisition of equipment by the regional councils.

The Jewish Agency, which has large stocks of electrical equipment from Reparations sources, will connect the present high-tension grid with transformers outside the villages, while the Government share will be used for connections to the houses and for street and perimeter lighting. The villagers will be responsible for the costs of wiring the houses.

Of the first seven villages to be lit immediately, Geha will probably be the happiest: they have been the constant subject of marauders' attacks, and during the past five years have lost 44 cows by thefts from over the border.

Some of the villages too far from the national grid will be provided with local generators.

In addition to these 30 moshavim, seven kibbutzim in the area which have previously been lit internally by local generators, will also be supplied with perimeter lighting from the grid system.

The electrification job is due to be completed by April, 1955.

Schreiber Brothers Cross-Examine

Yitzhak and Nathan Schreiber, the two brothers accused of stealing IL.25,000 from the Kupat Milve Vehisachon in Jerusalem, cross-examined the first prosecution witness, Yosef Mizrahi, in the Jerusalem District Court yesterday. Mizrahi, who is now serving a six-month prison sentence after admitting his share in the bank robbery and turning State's witness, had testified yesterday that the two brothers and he had broken into the bank, after stealing the keys to the bank safe from the cashier.

The Schreiber brothers, who are conducting their own defence, tried to show during yesterday's cross-examination that Mizrahi had broken into the bank not with them but with two other men, one a prosecution witness, A. Sussman, and the other an unnamed Army officer.

Mizrahi stuck to his testimony. "Why should I cause innocent people to go to prison," he cried, "when only a few days ago you sent a prisoner to tell me that you will kill me, unless I change my testimony?"

Sussman, as the second prosecution witness, testified that he had been arrested as a suspect in the robbery, and had talked to Yitzhak Schreiber in his cell. Schreiber, with whom he had once carried out a robbery, admitted the bank robbery to him and told him that the money was hidden in a grove opposite the Abyssinian Consulate. Sussman was released, and was re-arrested when hidden weapons were found near the Italian Hospital in Jerusalem. Told by the police that they had listened in on his conversation with Schreiber, he revealed all he knew.

(Itim)

Drydock, Ships From Germany Due Soon

LYDDA AIRPORT, Wednesday. — The dry-dock purchased in West Germany and the first of the ships ordered there — a 7,000 ton freighter — will arrive within four months, Dr. P. Shinnar, head of the Israel Purchasing Mission in Cologne, said here today, *Itim* reports. He was leaving by LAI for Rome on his way to Bonn for a six-week tour of inspection.

The dry-dock, constructed for the Communications Ministry in Luebeck, Germany, was launched there yesterday, an Israel flag fluttering above it, our Haifa bureau reports. Details of the capacity of the dock are being kept secret by the Ministry and the Shilumim Corporation.

Dr. Shinnar does not plan to leave his post, as unconfirmed reports had stated, it is learned.

Miss Israel Offered Night Club Spot

HOLLYWOOD, Wednesday. — The luxurious Moulin Rouge night club has offered $150-a-week contracts as show girls to 16 of the Miss Universe contestants, among them Miss Aviva Pe'er, who represented Israel. Only one, Miss Texas, has accepted so far.

Sharett on Relations with US

(Continued from Page 1)

will not shrink from an open and serious dispute with the Government of the United States in the event of any attempt to infringe on Israel's sovereignty or endanger her security."

Mr. Sharett said that the problem formed one of the Government's constant pre-occupations and that the Government will not fail to inform the Knesset in time of any major development that might occur. At this stage, however, the Government saw no need for a full-dress debate of such grandiose proportions as Dr. Altmann had indicated.

Miss E. Wilenska (Communists) asked that the question be sent to the Foreign Affairs and Security Committee for consideration, to which the Prime Minister replied briefly "It cannot be sent to the Committee because it is already there. It was like bringing 'hay to Ofrayim', i.e. coals to Newcastle."

A vote was then taken approving Mr. Sharett's proposal to strike the motion from the agenda.

To a motion by Mr. M. Erem, (Mapam) concerning a statement made by Dr. Nahum Goldmann, that in time the Israel Government would have to consider diplomatic relations with Western Germany, and that he believed that the Government was already seriously considering such a step, Mr. Sharett replied that the first part of the statement was an expression of opinion to which Dr. Goldmann was fully entitled like anyone else.

He could not say, as to the second, whether Dr. Goldmann had been correctly quoted in the Press, but the fact was that diplomatic relations with Western Germany had not been discussed by the Israel Government, and were not tabled for discussion.

Mr. Erem's argument was supported by Dr. M. Sneh (Left Socialist) who claimed that Western Germany was included in the list of European countries referred to by Mr. A. Levavi, Assistant Director General of the Foreign Ministry, speaking at a lecture in Jerusalem a few days ago, as states upon which Israel would have to build her foreign policy in future.

Supports Strikers

The Syrian parliament yesterday passed a bill legalising the strike of the Damascus textile workers which entered its second month this week, ANA reports.

All shops in the Damascus bazaar were closed on Tuesday in sympathy with the strikers.

At the same time, postal workers have announced that they, too, will go on strike if their demands for better working conditions are not met.

Israeli Said Saved From Kidnapping

VIENNA, Wednesday (Reuter). —Vienna police said last night that they frustrated a suspected Russian attempt to kidnap an Israel citizen, Mr. Joseph Silberberg, 37, a merchant.

The report stated that two men in Russian uniforms, two Russian civilians and three other civilians tried to push Mr. Silberberg into a car yesterday afternoon in the Vienna international sector.

Mr. Silberberg resisted and a violent quarrel resulted. A crowd gathered and called the police, who took the entire group to the police station. The four Russians were handed over to the International Military Police.

French Schoolchildren Visit Israel

MARSEILLES Wednesday (AFP). — About 200 French boys and girls aged 13 to 18, accompanied by instructors, nurses and a physician, left for Haifa yesterday in the Israel liner "Jerusalem."

The trip is organised by the French National Committee for Holidays in Israel.

This will be the fourth organised visit to Israel of French-Jewish schoolchildren.

Beirut Accepts Malik Resignation

BEIRUT, Wednesday (Reuter).—The Lebanese Foreign Minister, Alfred Naccache, was understood here today to have accepted the resignation of Dr. Charles Malik, as Lebanese delegate to the U.N., — more than a year after it was tendered.

Informed sources say that it has now been accepted, but he will continue to represent the Lebanon on the Security Council until after an anticipated Cabinet reshuffle.

INFILTRATORS STEAL PIPES

BEERSHEBA, Wednesday — Seventy-two metres of irrigation piping valued at IL.430 were stolen from Kibbutz Mefalsim in the Western Negev last night. Tracks of four barefoot men led over the Gaza Strip border.

New Constitution For Cyprus

LONDON, Wednesday (Reuter) —Britain is to offer a new constitution to Cyprus, the Colonial Under-Secretary, Earl Munster, told the House of Lords today.

Earl Munster said, "The proposed constitutional arrangements have not yet been worked out in detail, but Her Majesty's Government have decided to introduce in the near future a modified constitution providing for a new legislature containing a majority of both official and nominated members and elected members, and also for the appointment to the Executive Council of some unofficial members of the legislature to take charge of departments.

"This will mark the first step along the road of constitutional advancement, and will enable Cypriots to take a part in operating self-governing institutions and excercise responsibility both in legislation and in executive control of administration."

METAL WORKS PLANT FOR CAPITAL

At the very time when the shooting was going on in Jerusalem, an agreement was being signed between the Jerusalem Economic Corporation and a group of private investors to establish a large metal works plant in the city, Mr. M. Shattner, the Corporation's Director, announced in a Kol Yisrael radio talk yesterday.

The new enterprise, which will soon move into its quarters, will contribute to making the city economically stable and self-supporting, he said.

MEDICAL CENTRE NEAR PORIA

TIBERIAS, Wednesday. — The digging of the foundation for a Medical Centre was begun in Poria, near here, by the Poria Development Co. and Solel Boneh yesterday. The Centre is to adjoin the Government hospital now nearing completion. In the first stages, one large building will be constructed, but additional wings are to be built later, with a total cost of IL.300,000 to be invested.

The Centre will be the first of its kind in the country. It will not concern itself with regular medical treatment but will serve as a laboratory for the examination of patients and the diagnosis of their ailments.

9 Congressmen Urge Action on Blockade

WASHINGTON, Wednesday. — Nine members of Congress have called on the State Department to intervene in the Suez Canal negotiations to secure an undertaking that Egypt would end the Suez Canal blockade.

In a letter to Secretary of State John Foster Dulles, the Congressmen said that the failure to act on this issue could be interpreted by the Egyptian Government as an indication that the U.S. did not regard the blockade with sufficient concern.

It would be most unfortunate, they wrote, if the U.S. were to defer this issue until after the implementation of the agreement, and recalled that Egypt had never complied with the Security Council order to lift the anti-Israel blockade.

The letter urged U.S. intervention on four grounds.

1. American ships and citizens were the victims of a discriminatory practice violating the freedom of the seas.
2. The U.S. had already taken an active part in the Anglo-Egyptian negotiations.
3. The U.S. was one of the permanent members of the Security Council and therefore was obliged to help enforce its decisions.
4. The U.S. was concerned as a friend of both Israel and Egypt to promote a settlement of their differences.

The letter was signed by Senators Irving Ives, Herbert Lehman and Leverett Saltonstall; and Representatives Emanuel Cellar, Jacob Javits, Edna Kelly, Thomas Dodd, James Fulton and Thomas Elly.

(UP, Reuter)

U.S. TARIFF ON SWISS WATCHES

WASHINGTON, Wednesday (UP). — President Eisenhower yesterday imposed a substantial tariff on imported Swiss watches, which brought forth an immediate Swiss protest.

The President of the C.I.O., Mr. Walter Reuther, and other advocates of free trade also deplored the decision.

President Eisenhower told his Press conference today that the matter was a specialized incident, and reiterated his desire to create a greater flow of world trade. He said the decision had been taken because America's domestic watch industry had been damaged.

Costa Rica Beats Back Rebels from Nicaragua

SAN JOSE, Costa Rica, Wednesday (A.F.P.). — Costa Rican Government forces yesterday clashed with rebels who had entered the country from neighbouring Nicaragua.

According to Government sources, the rebels were beaten back with losses. Government casualties included two officers killed. The rebels are supporters of Costa Rican ex-President Calderon Guardia, who is living in Nicaragua.

THERE ARE 1,500 Karaites living in Israel, most of them in the cooperative villages of "Masliah" near Ramle and "Ranan" near Beersheba, the Ministry for Religious Affairs said Tuesday.

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Cables in Brief

DECISION. — Yugoslavia, Turkey and Greece have agreed on a date for a Foreign Ministers' meeting to sign the proposed Balkan Military Alliance. A joint communique is expected soon.

PLAYFUL. — Ten Colombian soldiers and two civilians were seriously wounded yesterday when a grenade which they were playfully tossing around fell to the floor and exploded.

GLUBB. — The Commander of the Arab Legion, Glubb Pasha, arrived in London yesterday. He is to have talks on British financial aid for the Arab Legion.

BUREIMI. — Britain and Saudi Arabia have agreed to arbitration of the Bureimi Oasis dispute. The arbitrators will include one representative of Britain, one of Saudi Arabia and three neutrals. The British blockade of the Oasis will be relaxed in the meantime.

SUEZ PACT

(Continued from Page 1)

munications, bridges and pipelines are to be handed over to the Egyptian Government.

The distinction between these two types of installations is fluid, as is the borderline between the responsibilities allotted to British and Egyptian technicians.

On the whole, the British seem to have yielded more in the final stage of negotiations than the Egyptians. This applies particularly to the duration of the agreement which London would have liked to have extended to 20 years while Cairo insisted on seven, and to the exclusion of Persia from the list of countries whose interests are to be protected by automatic re-activation.

Since Turkey may have to come to Persia's assistance either under her NATO obligations or under a regional treaty with Persia and Pakistan, this suggests the possibility that Egypt may contract out of the whole agreement even in the event of Turkey being involved in war on the grounds that such Turkish participation does not constitute resistance to aggression.

Altogether, the treaty leaves several loopholes which the Tory critics may be expected to emphasize when the debate takes place tomorrow.

The provision concerning free passage through the Canal is generally regarded as a sop to Israel as well as to the maritime nations. Its value will obviously depend on Cairo's willingness to abide by the Canal convention.

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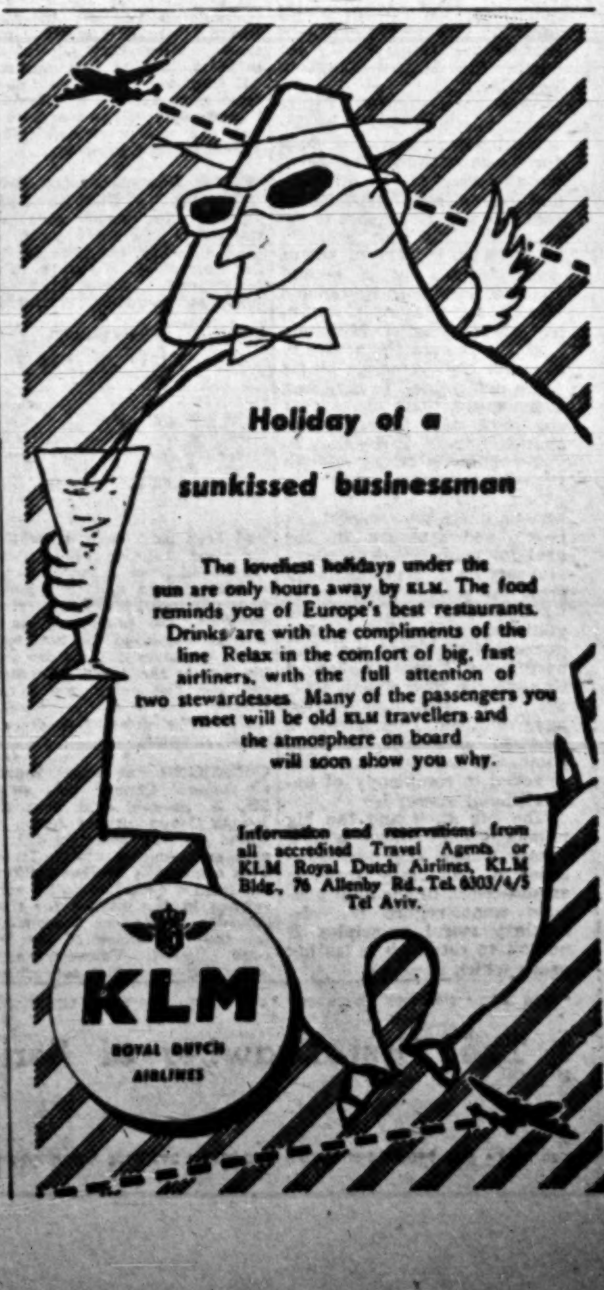
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Unpaid Accounts will be transferred to the Government Collection Department during the month of August.
Ministry of Finance
Arnona Levy Administration

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AFTER SUEZ— WHAT?

NOW that British evacuation of the Suez Canal seems assured the U.S. is determined to build her paper structure of a defence ring against Communism from the North Sea to the Himalayas even at the blindly extravagant cost of the almost complete eclipse of British influence in the Middle East.

One wonders how much it is hard military and strategical calculation which has determined the Pentagon plans or how far they have been forced upon the administration in order to allay some of the hysteria their building up of an almost paranoic fear of Communism has generated in the American people. If this latter be their intention they might score a psychological victory inside America. In connection with the new allies which America now hastens to purchase with a grant of between $50m. to $60m. of military and economic aid, one can but recall the *mot* of the Duke of Wellington who is supposed to have said, on reviewing his troops, "I don't know what effect they will have on the enemy, but by gad they terrify me."

As the Prime Minister pointed out in his speech yesterday, Israel has no quarrel with the fact that Egypt is at last to become sovereign in her own territory. Our misgivings over the evacuation of Suez are based upon a doubt whether Egypt will now abide by normal standards of good international conduct. There is no indication that any guarantees will be exacted from Egypt in this respect. America does not seem likely to complicate her wooing of Egypt by even mentioning anything so distasteful as the welfare of Israel.

In any case again to seek guarantees from either America or Britain would not help Israel to any great sense of security. The United States is already a signatory of the Tripartite Guarantee of 1950; a one-sided measure agreed upon between that country, the United Kingdom and France without prior consultation with the territories concerned, to maintain the integrity of the borders of the Arab states and Israel and not to permit the disturbance of the balance of power.

The United States has already dealt a grievous blow to this agreement by its grant of military aid to Iraq without any corresponding gesture towards Israel. Moreover the Tripartite Guarantee has always been considered very warily in view of the specific treaties which exist between some of the Arab states and the powers, notably the mutual assistance treaty between the United Kingdom and Jordan.

The only sign of future stability which could be interpreted as any sort of omen for peace in the future would be a guarantee or an open declaration from Egypt herself that she will not resort to aggression. This can scarcely be expected in view of recent clear threats of a second round uttered both by Colonel Nasser and Major Salah Salem, his Information Minister.

If Egypt gets the additional arms that America seems to be determined to give her, there seems little doubt that she will try to wage war against Israel. If she does so this country is strong enough to repel her attack in a way which would have a very serious effect on prospects of peace and stability in the area for many years to come.

Apart from the question of arms the second major problem neglected in all these negotiations is the lack of any guarantee by Egypt that free passage will be assured through the Suez Canal. Britain might, before abdicating, have obtained from Egypt a renewed assurance on this point. Her exit need not have smacked to completely of unconditional surrender.

The big stick and the big purse can only enforce a temporary police rule and purchase a temporary fawning acquiescence. In the final analysis some regard for elementary moral principles is needed to establish a lasting peace which is peace.

Germans Can Achieve Full War Production in 18 Months

By NORMAN LINDHURST

BONN (NANA).—AMERICAN military production experts have just completed a survey of West German industry which shows that the Bonn Republic could get into full-scale armaments production within 18 months after the go-ahead is given.

The specialists said that although it is not generally realized, so potent is West German industry that for some time American producers have been relying on West German factories to fill some gaps in U.S. defence production.

West Germany has a solid base for quantity production of almost every item of military equipment which would be needed by German forces, short of atomic weapons, guided missiles and aircraft.

German technicians have developed a number of new military items for possible adoption by the new German forces. This equipment includes a family of military trucks able to move at high speed over the roughest terrain, ultra-mobile communications equipment, an infra-red ray searchlight with a range of 15 kilometres and a midget Geiger counter for troop issue.

In addition, German armaments experts have designs for a number of new weapons, including machineguns and artillery, which they will not be able to test until allied occupation controls are lifted.

German plants have supplied huge steel castings for the construction of 17 giant forging and extrusion presses built to speed up American jet aircraft production. The steel castings ranged in size from 50 to 150 tons. West Germany has been exporting machine tools to a number of key American aircraft plants, including Curtiss and Pratt and Whitney. Some 20 per cent of German specialized steel output is going into United States defence production.

The German precision optics and chemical industries are also important contributors to American war production. For instance, the Schott optical firm at Mainz is exporting almost its entire production to American war plants.

Electronics Aid

Nearly a dozen West German firms have assisted the United States in overcoming bottlenecks in electronics production. The German plants have furnished American producers with deposited carbon resistors, precision wire-wound resistors, selenium rectifiers and finely enamelled resistance wire.

To help West Germany get military production in gear, the United States has been placing an increasing number of orders for military equipment with German firms.

Some of the equipment, including ordnance, communications and quartermaster items, is being ordered by the United States Army and Air Force. Other contracts have been let under the U.S. Offshore Procurement Purchasing Programme, to supply the NATO forces. The U.S., for example, awarded a large contract last week to the West Berlin firms of Lorenz and Telefunken to produce communications equipment for NATO.

The American survey team pointed out that in the 10 years since the war, Germany has rebuilt, expanded and modernized its industry.

"Germany is now in even better shape than it was under the Nazis to support defence production," an American expert reported.

Haifa Art Notes

Prints and Miniatures

THE Haifa Municipal Museum is showing the UNESCO Travelling Exhibition of Japanese coloured prints, wherein all the famous names combine to afford pleasure to the eye and brain.

Before us passes the kaleidoscope of old Japan's Bohemianism. Of actors and courtesans, teahouses and country villas. The beauty who picks irises appropriately clad in a yellow hat and fan to match — a sort of Oriental Marie Antoinette gone rustic; it is the sly humour that often emerges from Japanese art.

In another room, Hokusai's well known skiff lies precariously in the well of a huge wave. His veneration for majestic Nature appears in the sublimity of Fujiyama, the little men crossing a bridge while the volcano's smoke rises above the trees, or the physical lustiness of fishermen. Contrast Utamaro, the painter of delicate sophistication, where the lady places a touch of scent behind her ear, the coquette reveals a breast with studied carelessness and "Abandoned Love" reads the fateful letter.

Technically, too, formalism rubs shoulders with dynamic realism. Composition is unity. The line flows rhythmically down from the head through the flowing dress to the feet. The ferocious-looking actors are enclosed within the mighty sweep of their shoulders. Couples stand easily in direct relation to each other.

At bottom, the 18th century art of Japan runs parallel with European Rococo of approximately the same period. But whereas Rococo is sometimes a self-conscious escapism that disguises its figures as mythology, the Japanese counterpart is always occupied with a natural graceful hedonism.

Devi Tussvnski Miniatures

THE second show at the Haifa Municipal Museum consists of the miniatures of Devi Tuszynski of Paris. He is an artist of infinite detail, picking out cathedrals in an ink line with the tracery of fine lace ("Notre Dame-Paris", 27). A favourite subject is architecture. Take "Entrée à Trignac", 35, the tailor's shop in the corner, the lane which runs past and descends into unknown depths. It is a fairy world.

Influences abound. Is it Dufy who inspired the economical yet complete "Cote d'Azur" — the sun above, the light, on the water, the railings and the solitary chair? You think of Chagall at the woman and goat of "Maternité", at the man carrying two pails and the goat of "Ruelle". And then one notes something else about Tuszynski.

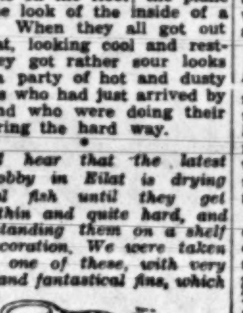
Three motifs, a gabled or spired building, a bird often reduced to its beak and human eye, recur continuously. All three can be detected in "La Mairie de Corrèze", 36. You can unravel the beak in "Ile St. Louis", 9. The pupil of the eye ("L'Oeil d'Osiris", 38) contains a building. The flower of "Une Fleur", 42, encloses an eye. Over and over again one meets quasi-tattooed hands. There is a touch of *fin-de-siecle* in all this, a hint of the occult, something that makes me personally uneasy. But Tuszynski is a fine technician of miniatures, particularly when it comes to an *Ex-Libris*. *H.*

KEEPING POSTED

A FRIEND who travelled to Eilat the other day on business said the plane trip was most comfortable. He was struck by the fact that all the other passengers were technicians and other workers on their way down south, with a sprinkling of soldiers. They wore a general pioneering aspect, and even though they sat on well-sprung seats instead of on rolled-up blankets on the floor, the plane had the look of the inside of a truck. When they all got out in Eilat, looking cool and rested, they got rather sour looks from a party of hot and dusty tourists who had just arrived by bus, and who were doing their pioneering the hard way.

•

WE hear that the latest hobby in Eilat is drying tropical fish until they get wafer-thin and quite hard, and then standing them on a shelf for decoration. We were taken to see one of these, with very fancy and fantastical fins, which had been made into a mobile—the new American hobby—and suspended from a thread below a lamp to dip and turn gently in the draught. When we arrived we found the family cat under the mobile, lying on her back with a glassy look in her eye, apparently the result of watching the fish going round and round.



N.B. The dried fish do not smell... much.

•

SPEAKING at the Zionist General Council this week, Mr. Z. Shragai said that the Jewish Community of Jerba, an island off the coast of Tunis, were expecting to come to Israel. This community has been suffering from a collective guilty conscience in the matter, for they consider themselves responsible for the destruction of the Second Jewish Commonwealth. According to legend concerning their own history, a group of Jews settled on Jerba after the destruction of the First Commonwealth. At the time of the first Return they were visited by the prophet Ezra, the *shaliah*, of those days, who called upon them to return to Israel and make their contribution to the second kingdom. They said that they were sorry, and most likely explained that they did not think that they could make a living in Israel, and that they had heard housing was difficult too. Ezra cursed them, and in due course the Second Commonwealth fell, though not without the intervention of Titus and his Tenth Legion. Although there is no real proof of this story except that you will never find a Jerba Jew called Ezra, the Jerba'ans naturally do not wish now to be responsible for another such catastrophe.

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FOLLOWING the tussle with Falafel usw., (etc.), which was reported by a reader who does not know German, we now hear of an English-speaking tourist who visited Jaffa and was surprised to read an announcement outside an "Oriental" restaurant that offered

FALAFEL HAM

and other things, more particularly as there was also notice to the effect that the place was kept strictly kasher. The owner of the restaurant said nonsense, the word isn't "ham", it's "ha'am" and even a tourist should know that that means "hot" in Hebrew, which many people can speak but not read so well, nowadays. The tourist—he is orthodox—said he was glad to hear it, but that the announcement was confusing, and went on his way. A few days later he passed by the same place again and found that sign now reads: FALAFEL CHAM.

•

SOME Israelis who have moved to the Bronx, New York, regularly get packages of copies of *The Jerusalem Post* sent to them by friends. On one occasion they found a note saying that the parcel could be collected at the Post Office, as apparently nobody had been at home when it came. When they went round to pick it up straight away they found the entire staff reading, as the parcel had apparently not been very firmly packed. They said they had not expected them to come so quickly, and would they mind bringing the papers back again after they had finished with them, as they liked them very much?

•

ON Saturday recently a woman who works at a hotel most of the way down to Carmel beach boarded the beach bus and asked for her ticket. The driver said his company catered only to bathers, and he could not take her halfway, for there might not be another passenger to take her place where she got off, and she would thereby cause a loss to his company. She reluctantly offered to pay the whole fare for an incomplete journey, but he still hesitated, because her stop is on a steep part of the hill, and why should he wear out his brakes and his tires pulling up there just for her? Then she became stubborn, and said that, if necessary, she would go all the way down, and see how she got back again to her stop. The driver could find no further reason to object, but at first refused to take her money because he didn't know exactly where he was going. Finally, perhaps because the argument had simply worn him down, he stopped at the right place and took the correct fare for the trip. It proves almost anything you like, and possibly that even bus-drivers are no more than human.

Today's contributors include M. I. and M.K., Jerusalem, Rafael Neumann, Haifa and Nurith Rabinovics, Tel Baruch.

In Memoriam—PERETZ GOLDSTEIN

THE ceremony that will take place at Ma'agan on the shores of the Kinneret this afternoon commemorates the heroism of a youth the only care of whose short years was for his nation.

Born at Blodosh in Transylvania on July 14, 1922, Peretz Goldstein joined the Habonim Zionist youth at the age of 14, later interrupted his studies to take up a trade consistent with kibbutz life, and emigrated to Israel in 1941 within the framework of Youth Aliya.

With a number of friends from his youth movement, he joined a group in training at Afikim that was later to found Kibbutz Ma'agan. He demanded to enlist, and the next year found him in the Palmach, attached to a unit trained for special missions behind the enemy lines.

Following his insistent demand, he and two other members of the settlement, Yona and Yoel, natives of his town and his lifelong friends, were entrusted with a mission that had two distinct objectives: for the British Army—to sabotage enemy installations; for the Yishuv—to organize the rescue of European Jews.

Peretz Goldstein (third from right) shown here with a group of paratroopers at a British Army training camp.

After a period of training in this country and in Egypt, on April 13, 1944, Peretz Goldstein parachuted into Yugoslavia with his friend Yoel Palgi. They spent two months with the partisans, then finally crossed the border into Hungary. There they contacted members of the rescue committee in Budapest, but they had been betrayed. Yoel was arrested, and although Peretz had a chance to abandon Hungary, he remained there in the hope that he could help his friend and ultimately carry out his mission.

Peretz Goldstein was arrested by the Hungarians on July 1, 1944, later transferred to Germany and was last seen at the concentration camp of Oranienburg.

A Parachutist Remembers

We Were Told: 'Save Jews!'

THE years have gone by since our little group appeared before the Central Committee of the Executive to bid farewell to the Histadrut and to be heartened by the movement that had educated us and guided us in this our path. Seven of us entered the room — Hannah (Senesh), Shaike, Dov, Abba and I, for those who were being sent; Zvi and Enzo (Sereni) for those who were sending us. During the course of that short conversation two tears rolled down Golda's cheeks. They were tears of Godspeed to us, symbols of the movement's concern, which made it difficult to distinguish between those of us who were going and the movement that was sending us. And indeed Enzo, who was among the senders, himself went in the end.

I recall that Hannah once suggested, back in Cairo, that we should keep a collective diary, so that we might compare our fate with the way it had looked to us beforehand. We did not follow the suggestion, and I regret it deeply, for even today I find it difficult to tell you in what light we then saw our undertaking.

I think that to us this deed was just our own way of obeying the command that had been delivered in the *Gola*, and we were proud to be among those who had the privilege to be able to obey it. We knew the mission was dangerous, and we did not even know how to go about the job for the sake of which we faced the dangers. So we sought counsel among the comrades, advice on what to do and how to do it. And I remember that when we said goodbye to Beri (Katznelson) and asked him, he said "Save Jews!"

Could Be Saved

I was disappointed, for after all, we all knew that was our job. I had wanted to hear more. But we learned in time that these two words were the essence of everything and that it did not matter how we achieved the goal. In the end we did not ask, nor could we tell, how it was to be achieved. We knew only that the order was to save Jews.

When we started out on our mission, we knew Jews had to be saved. When we were on it, we found out they could be. We had been given a double assignment and the means with which we were equipped were insufficient. The only one that proved its worth was what we received from our country—faith in ourselves and our movement. During the course of our mission we found we were alone, we could rely only upon ourselves, and many were the times when we believed there was nothing more we could do. We were told that for the time being it was impossible to send aircraft to Poland. You can imagine how we felt, standing by our plane and watching a hundred aircraft filled with Poles taking off for Warsaw—and not one Jew among them... We could see no way of getting to the land that was our target, to the land where we knew that the death trains had already begun to transport the Jews to the camps.

There were two choices before us then: to be careful and to wait, or to parachute with the near certainty that we would be caught. The scale was tipped by Hannah's argument that if we did not go, others would not follow, but if we went and fell, many would come after us. And so we went, under the illusion that our death would perhaps sound the alarm, that its echo would find its way to ears that had been deaf to our cry.

We were three. One has returned, two are no more. And their death called forth no Echo.

The five that went to Slovakia felt the same way about it. And who knows? Perhaps they had a way to back out. But they knew that they were to stand till the end. When they fell, perhaps they too thought that their death would sound the alarm, that many would follow in their footsteps.

And the sacrifice of Sereni, our teacher, was painful to me above all not only because his loss was so grievous, not only because possibly he alone had the ability to impart the spirit of this mission to the next generation. I am tortured with the though that he went because he felt someone had to follow... Perhaps only those who went can gauge how much could have been accomplished had there been more of us....

And I have come back to tell you that the seven sacrifices were not in vain... I have met comrades who were candidates for the gas chambers, who would doubtless have ended up in them had they not been organized by our comrades in Solvakia, trained and taught by them to fight for their own lives and those of their brothers....

YOEL PALGI

Readers' Letters

WATER TROUBLES

Editor, The Jerusalem Post

Sir,—For several years, the supply of water in most parts of Tel Aviv has not been sufficient or strong enough to reach the third or fourth floors. With the exception of a few months during the winter season, we are without water during the daytime.

We are aware that there are certain problems in connection with the supply of water because of the rapid growth of the town, salt seepage in some wells and difficulties with the electric current. These were the reasons given by the Municipality at various times. Nevertheless, the patience of the people who suffer from this lack of water in the heat of Tel Aviv is amazing — they faithfully continue to pay their rates and taxes including the water rates, without getting the much needed water.

Incidentally, I might mention that at the same time the parks and boulevards are watered during the daytime and water can always be seen splashing in the fountains.

Yours etc.,
WERNER ANDERS
Tel Aviv.

Municipality Replies

Mr. Anders' flat is on the fourth floor in one of the highest sections of Tel Aviv. During the daytime, there is such a great demand on the water supply that it cannot reach the upper stories of some houses. The only solution to the problem is to put water tanks on the roof for these flats. These tanks, which will store water during the night, are in use in every house in Jerusalem and many houses in Haifa, and in some of Tel Aviv's new tall buildings. They are more necessary than ever since the population of Tel Aviv has so greatly increased.

We are ready to give directions as to how these tanks should be made and placed.

Yours etc., *A. AVNER*
Municipal Water Department
Tel Aviv, July 8.

MUSIC FESTIVAL

Editor, The Jerusalem Post

Sir, — In answer to the letter by Messrs. Boskovits, Partos and Seter in your issue of July 7, I should like to state that I was not "chief judge" (of the I.S.C.M. Festival in Haifa) because there was no jury at all and therefore no judges. I was not Chairman of the Israel Composers' League at that time either.

Yours etc.,
P. BEN-HAIM
Tel Aviv, July 9.

The discussion on the Music Festival is now closed. — Editor.

8 — 8 — 8 — 8 — 8

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Special Announcement

This is the last issue of LOOK MAGAZINE being distributed by our Agency. Look Magazine has made arrangements in the States with the Curtis Co., in Philadelphia, who will presently handle the distribution of the Magazine all over the world.

As we do not represent this company in Israel, the distribution of the magazine will be for the time being handled by another import company in Israel.

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Tomorrow

the sale of lottery tickets for a free trip to Edinburg and London, will be discontinued.

Magen David Adom

The drawing will take place on Tuesday, August 10, 1954, at 11 a.m., at the 'Edison' Theatre, Jerusalem.

The Cause of the Present Disagreement
Between The Transport Cooperatives and The Ministry of Communications

ALTHOUGH FARES CHARGED BY TRANSPORT ENTERPRISES ABROAD ARE SEVERAL TIMES HIGHER THAN OURS, COSTS OF TRANSPORT ACCESSORIES THERE FALL MUCH BELOW THE PRICES WE ARE COMPELLED TO PAY HERE; FOR INSTANCE:

In the U.S. a Diesel bus costs IL.27,000 ($15,000)
We pay for such a bus IL.36,000
A spare part costing abroad IL.1.800 ($1) is charged to us IL.4.

Income realised from 75,000 passengers travelling abroad at minimum fares is sufficient to cover the cost of one bus...

Whereas minimum fares collected from 800,000 Israel passengers are necessary to cover the cost of that same bus.

In the U.S. income realised from 5 passengers travelling at minimum fares covers cost of a spare part sold at IL.1.800 ($1)...

While here minimum fares collected from 88 passengers cover cost of that same spare part.

THIS COMPARISON THROWS LIGHT ON THE DOMESTIC POLICY ADOPTED REGARDING LOCAL TRANSPORT SERVICES — A POLICY WHICH IS UNDERMINING THE ECONOMIC FUNDAMENTALS OF THE COUNTRY'S TRANSPORT NETWORK.

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